

















TODAY'S  
EVENING  
STORY.

The Mountain

(Copyright, 1915, by W. Werner.)

SHE hung the last handful of corn to the chickens and stood watching them scramble for it. The morning wind ruffled her hair and blew strands of it into her dark eyes. "It's growing warmer," she thought, "summer is coming."

She turned toward the house. As she did so she came face to face with the mountain. She had not seen it before that morning, and it held a new aspect for her. She beheld it without repulsion. Immense at its base, the mountain rose to a summit slightly rounded as if the point had been worn off by constant friction with the sky. It was thickly clad with trees, along which there were so many hemlocks that its appearance was dark even on gay summer days. In winter, rising between a white earth and cloudy sky, it was black as night.

It was directly in front of a small farm house where Laurie lived. Between it and the door yard fence was a dark, deep stretch of the little river, a narrow sere meadow and the road which went to town.

As Laura looked at it, it seemed to tower over her more sternly gigantic than ever. It seemed to say to her—"I am here. Behold me! You can't tear me down or drive me away with your strength. I am one of the everlasting hills and I mock you."

"How I hate it," Laurie sighed and ran indoors to her kitchen at the back of the house, where the mountain could not look into the window. But though she could not see it she felt the mountain's presence dominating the morning. "I'm afraid of it," she thought. She sat down beside the kitchen table and buried her face on her arm. Upon the shelf above her Will's clock ticked unconcernedly. Its whole affair was time. "Time—goes; time—goes," it said evenly. Gradually Laurie's thoughts began to regulate themselves in accordance with the gentle, monotonous sound. She grew calmer.

"I'm a foolish girl," she thought, "to let the mountain get on my nerves. But I've lived under it three years. I've never gone out of doors or looked out of a front window what I haven't seen it. It's the only thing there is to see. I don't suppose Will notices it at all; he has lived under it his whole life. He thinks there is no reason why I shouldn't live under it all my life. He doesn't know that I dream about it and wake up all cold sweat. Nights when I lie awake I wonder how many tons of dynamite it would take to blow it into atoms. I believe it is making me crazy. I believe I am crazy. I must be or I wouldn't act so childish. What's that?"

She flung up her head with a start. The sound she had heard resolved itself into words sung in a loud voice. "From Widdletown to Widdletown it's fifteen miles—"

"Oh!" said Laurie, with relief. "That's the mail carrier." And she ran out of the house.

He was stopping at their box. The voice ceased and he grinned as he saw Laurie.

"Where's Will?" he asked. "He's working on the new state road. 'Takes his dinner, then.'"

"Yes. And it's often late when he gets home."

"Leaves you kinda lonesome. Well, here's a letter for you."

"A letter?" exclaimed Laurie. She took it eagerly, and as the postman drove on down the road she stood reading.

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ing it. She smiled as she finished. "I never expected she'd write to me again in the living world, she was so mad at me for marrying Will. And now she wants me to come out and see her."

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Two days later she came to Aunt Martha's little ranch, set in the midst of a vast rolling prairie without so much as a shadow of a hill in sight. "How funny it looks," she remarked. Wonderingly. "Isn't there something missing since I went away?"

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## OLD NICODEMUS NIMBLE



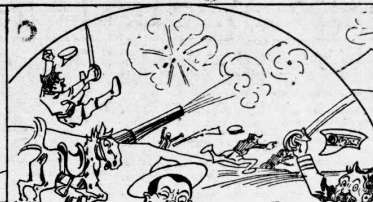
No. 1—Gen. von Hindenburg? Know him well! Many's the time he's praised my bravery. Once I was a rambling near headquarters I had with me a marvelous Magisrip—the wonder of the age—I invented it!



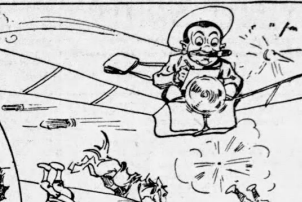
No. 2—As I chatted with the general, his eyes alighted on my Magisrip. He said they must search me.

No. 3—I lighted a fresh cigar and asked the soldiers to wait one moment.

## AT THE FRONT



No. 4—Then, quick as a wink, I pressed the Magic button!—the wonderful wings flew open!



No. 5—In a second I was 50 feet above the army—The Gen. laughingly called me back.

## KEEPING UP WITH THE JONESES

BEFORE ME, I NEVER FORGOTTEN THAT I WAS GETTING INTO WHEN I ACCEPTED OZZY BARROW'S INVITE TO USE HIS COUNTRY ESTATE FOR THE SUMMER!



OH! THIS IS THE LIFE!

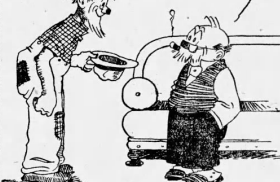
I NEVER REALIZED OZZY WAS GOING TO MAKE ME PAY HIS BUTLER AN' GROOMS, AN' MAIDS, AN' CHAUFFEUR AN' CHEF, AN' GARDENER, ALL OUT O' OWN POCKET! HOWEVER, THE BEANS IS SPILT, SO IVE GOT TO DOPE UP SOME WAY OF GETTING THE FAMILY OUT O' HERE GRACEFULLY!



CAT O' GAL I'M A HAPPY FREE LITTLE BUG!

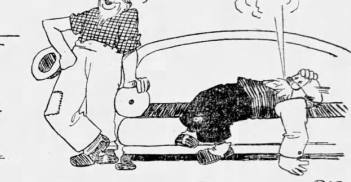
## THINGS ARE WORSE

MISTER M'GINIS, IVE GOOD NEWS FOR YOU 'BOUT TH' ESTATE!



SURE! I JUST PUT THE IN LADY AN' MY 18 KIDS ON TH' TRAIN FOR THE MOUNTINGS IN TH' COUNTRY!

IM ALWAYS GLAD TO HEAR GOOD NEWS FROM TH' HEAD GARDENER. WHAT IS MISTER CRANBERRY?



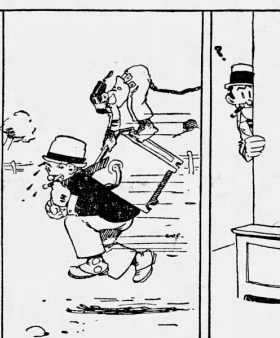
TH' CROP OF ONIONS IS SO GOSH DERNED BIG THIS YEAR I'LL NEED A COUPLE O' EXTRA TREN THELP ME!

## BY POP

## HANK AND KNOBS

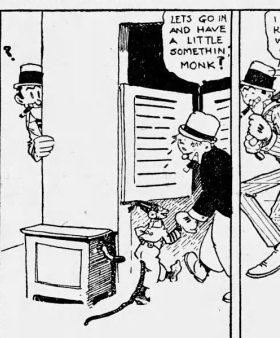


WELL, HERE'S WHERE I PICK UP A LITTLE LOOSE CHANGE.



OH! THIS IS THE LIFE!

## HANK'S LITTLE JOKE



LET'S GO IN AND HAVE A LITTLE SOMETHING MONK!



I WONDER WHAT KNOBS WILL THINK WHEN HE COMES OUT AND SEES THE ORGAN GONE!



YOU STEAL A DE ORGAN YOU BUGS THE STIFF!

## BY FARREN

## DICKY DIPPY'S DIARY

MONDAY. LAST NIGHT I CALLED ON MISS CARRIE, SWEET CARRIE WAS LOVELY, HAD A LITTLE OF MY LIFE, FOR JUST ONE OF THOSE CURLS, "REALLY MR. DIPPY, I COULDN'T SPARE ONE."



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## MONDAY

SHE SOFTLY SIGHED. THIS MORNING I MET HER LITTLE BROTHER. HE HAD A LOCK OF HAIR, "ONE OF CARRIE'S CURLS," HE SAID.



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## TOM PREFERS LOOKING FORWARD!

## GUESS IF THEY ARE MARRIED



WHAT'S SO FUNNY TOM?

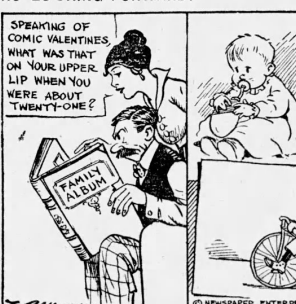
GEE BUT YOU WERE A FUNNY LOOKING LITTLE BRAT WHEN YOU WERE A KID



I'VE BEEN HERE THREE YEARS WILL. I DON'T SEEM AS THOUGH I COULD—SHE PAUSED—'SET IT DOWN.'

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SPEAKING OF COMIC VALENTINES, WHAT WAS THAT ON YOUR UPPER LIP WHEN YOU WERE ABOUT TWENTY-ONE?

He reached the Westmore station in the midst of a gray day. The first person she saw was a farmer who lived on the same road with Will and he took her home.

"Didn't make a very long visit," he said. "Will seemed to think you'd stay all summer."

"How's Will?"



"Hearty, but pretty lonesome, I guess. Hello! Here's old Sugar!"

They had come around the bend and there was the mountain. But such a changed mountain, such a friendly, kindly, protecting mountain!

"Oh!" breathed Laurie. "The dear old mountain. It looks like home. Oh, smile back. My eyes have ached."

## BY W. L. ALLMAN



Ten minutes later she was in Will's arms. "I'll never leave you again," she sobbed.

Will patted her cheek tremulously. He looked up the mountain and smiled. And the mountain seemed to smile back.

"How's Will?"



# The Atlanta Journal.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.  
Journal Building, 1 North Forsyth Street.  
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President and Editor.

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Circulation Department.....40 and 2000  
Local and News Departments.....544  
For all other departments, ask for Journal's  
exchange—Main 2000.

What a lot Colonel House could tell, if he wanted to!

In Mexico life is one desertion of generals after another.

Russia can always claim that the retreat to Lemberg was strategy.

## Gov. Slaton's Courageous Act.

GOVERNOR Slaton has commuted the death sentence of Leo Frank to life imprisonment. This announcement and the reasons for his action as stated in detail by the governor will be read with profound interest not only in Georgia, but throughout the country. In no case of recent years has public interest been so great and public opinion so divided as upon the guilt or innocence of the condemned man.

On the 26th of April, 1913, Mary Phagan, a young girl just budding into womanhood, was foully and cruelly murdered in the very heart of the business district of Atlanta, under circumstances so revolting that the community was dazed and sickened over the details of the horrible tragedy. Circumstances pointed at first to no particular individual. Two negroes were suspected, but one of them was able to establish his innocence very soon and was released. The other was held pending further investigation. This negro made several statements more or less conflicting in detail, but charging the crime to Leo Frank. They were cunningly devised and in a way convincing, especially as there seemed to be no other person against whom the crime could be charged. Each of this negro's statements as they appeared went into detail that the preceding statement, and the testimony of this drunken, irresponsible and repulsive negro reached its climax when delivered from the witness stand, his examination covering a period of several days. Upon the testimony of this negro, indirectly supported by the testimony of other witnesses, Frank was convicted of the crime of murder.

To some the announcement of the governor's action will carry great disappointment, because there are thousands who have believed from the first that Frank was guilty of the horrible crime of which he was accused. To others, and we believe a vast majority of the people of the State, Governor Slaton's message will carry tidings of satisfaction, because whatever individuals may think as to the guilt or innocence of the condemned man, a vast majority of them recognize in this remarkable case an element of doubt so huge and so staggering that the mind recoils from contemplation of the extreme penalty of the law inflicted upon this unfortunate man.

The views of The Journal have been so often expressed and are so well known that we need not restate them here. Suffice it that shortly after Frank's conviction, and many times since, whenever proper respect for the courts would permit, this paper urged with all the power and earnestness at its command that Frank should have a new trial, and that there was too much doubt about his guilt to justify his execution as a murderer. The judge who presided at the trial entertained grave doubt and so expressed himself at the time, and later in a letter to the governor asked that Frank's sentence be commuted. Two justices of the Supreme Court of Georgia and two justices of the United States Supreme Court and one member of the Georgia Prison Commission, have expressed in the strongest terms their doubts as to his guilt, although the courts were restricted in their consideration of the case to questions of law. Thus, in every tribunal to which this case has been carried, the gravest doubt of Frank's guilt has been expressed.

That the jury reached the conclusion that Frank was guilty is not surprising in view of the circumstances and conditions that surrounded the trial. They would have been superhuman if they had been able to resist the intense feeling that permeated the atmosphere of the court house during their deliberations. Probably no human court and no jury composed of mortal men could have reached a different verdict under the circumstances of this case. The fact that others more remote from the scene of trial, and with every opportunity for weighing the testimony impartially, with equal honesty and earnestness, were convinced that Frank was not the perpetrator of the crime is in no sense a reflection upon the honesty and ability of the jury. It merely shows how great and reasonable is the doubt which under the law must be overcome before the accused can be legally punished. It was this doubt which The Journal proclaimed so earnestly in its appeal for a new trial. It was the same doubt that gave Judge Roon so much trouble and caused him to give expression to his feelings when he overruled the motion for a new trial. It was the same doubt that was later expressed by justices of the Supreme Court of Georgia and by justices of the United States Supreme Court, and by one of the Prison Commission of Georgia. It is this same irresistible doubt that the trained minds of the bench and bar of this and other states recognize with practical unanimity, and that is now recognized also as a vast majority of the people of Georgia. Finally it is this irresistible

and irrepressible doubt, huge as a mountain and unyielding as the moral law, that Governor Slaton has recognized, and under his oath as governor of Georgia, in the conscientious discharge of his duty, has commuted the sentence from death to life imprisonment. No fair, open-minded person can justly criticize the governor for his action.

The power to commute punishment for crime is conferred upon him by the constitution and laws of the state. The duty to exercise executive clemency either by full pardon or commutation of sentence, when he is convinced that there is grave doubt about the guilt of the accused, is imposed upon him by the law, by his oath of office, and by his own conscience.

This duty of the governor, which is also a legal right of the accused, is just as sacred, just as solemn, just as necessary for the protection of society as the right of trial by jury; and the governor who would fail to exercise clemency in the discharge of duty, either through fear of condemnation or with the hope of political advantage, would be unworthy of the high office of chief executive and under his oath would himself commit a criminal act.

Governor Slaton has studied the record and weighed the evidence fairly and intelligently, and after doing so has reached the definite conclusion that it is impossible for him or any other living man to say with certainty and beyond a reasonable doubt that Leo Frank was the murderer of Mary Phagan, or that he was in any way connected with that horrible crime. That fearful doubt confronts him just as it does every one who studies the record and earnestly seeks the truth.

Under these conditions it was the duty of the governor to commute the sentence. In doing so he has risen to the highest appreciation of his obligation to society in circumstances most distressing, and has discharged that obligation without fear, favor or affection.

The Journal holds no brief for Governor Slaton, neither has it the slightest interest in Leo Frank. Our duty, like that of the governor, is to the public and to society. We have said from the first, if he is guilty he should be hanged. If he is innocent, he should be set free. If there is grave doubt about his guilt, notwithstanding the verdict of the jury, the sentence should be commuted to life imprisonment. This is evidently the view of the governor and The Journal takes this occasion to commend his action as a brave, manly, and conscientious discharge of duty.

The governor has shown wisdom and courage in his performance of an act of simple justice, and time will vindicate his moderation.

The combination on the Dardanelles lock seems to be hard for the English to find.

Greece and the other wavering countries are probably waiting on the fate of Lemberg.

## Italy's Swift Strikes.

The Italians are proving themselves the swiftest fighters in the field. While the campaign in Flanders and France moves by the tedious inches of trench warfare and in Galicia with an almost monotonous round of sortie and retreat, along the Adriatic it sweeps forward with a succession of victories for the soldiers of King Emmanuel.

This is due partly, of course, to the feeble resistance of the Austrians, who are massing all their available strength against Russia. But the advance of the invaders is none the less significant. They are now within sight of Trieste, Austria's principal seaport. Nearly a week ago they captured Monfalcone, which commands the light and water supply of Trieste and also an important railway junction. That the latter city is strongly garrisoned and will offer stout resistance is not to be doubted. But the advantages which the Italians already have won will stand them in good service, should anything like a prolonged siege become necessary.

Rome dispatches assert that the invasion has resulted thus far in the occupation of more than twice as much territory as was offered by Austria as the price of Italy's neutrality. Whether this ground will be held, remains to be seen. The Teutons undoubtedly will throw reinforcements into the southern campaign if they achieve their promised victory in Galicia. For the present, however, the Italians seem to have matters largely their own way.

It was expected that Italy's entrance into the war would be of distinct military value to the Allies and also would hasten a decision among the wavering Balkan States. These hopes are not yet fulfilled, but they are growing clearer. The invasion of Austria from the southwest brings a new problem to the Teutonic forces; and in Greece, Rumania and Bulgaria the war spirit is apparently near an outbreak.

Europe is also at work on the greatest pension system ever devised.

The Kaiser says he can have peace whenever he wants it, but apparently he doesn't want it at this stage.

Europe at least will be spared the annoyance of having to solve the problem of where to spend the summer vacation.

## Editorial Echoes

E. P. Oppenheim has written a note called "The Double Traitor." Your guess is wrong. He wrote it before the drafting of the American note and the opening of the chautauqua season.—*Courier-Journal.*

Rumania's population is about 6,000,000, and is composed of four distinct divisions or departments—the Moldavia and Oltenia, who are tall, fine men, many being exceedingly handsome, and who are principally mountaineers, and the Valachie and the Dobridge, who the mostly of Turkish origin. The population also includes 200,000 gypsies. There are believed to be about 4,000,000 Rumanians outside the Rumanian kingdom.—*Tribune.*

## Prayer an Aid to Health.

BY R. ADDINGTON BRUCE.  
Author of "The Middle of Personality," "Psychology and Parenthood," Etc.

Friend, here is something for you to remember: If you are in poor health, your chances for recovery will be much increased if you can sincerely pray to God for help.

I say this not merely as a matter of religious belief. I say it in the light of knowledge gained by scientific investigation and observation.

Psychologists and physicians are coming more and more into agreement with those religious leaders who long ago proclaimed the healing power of prayer. More and more they are endorsing the view set forth by their eminent fellow-worker, the late William James, in these striking words:

"If any medical fact can be considered soundly established, it is that prayer often contributes to restoration to health, and should be encouraged as a therapeutic measure."

Some among the foremost of present-day physicians are indeed encouraging it as a therapeutic measure. Dr. Richard C. Cabot, of the Harvard Medical school, is one of the foremost. Dr. Hyslop, the eminent English specialist, is another.

"Any man who prays sincerely," says Dr. Cabot, "will thereby open to himself sources of power which otherwise he might never be able to draw upon."

And Dr. Hyslop says:

"I know of nothing so well calculated as prayer to pacify the mind and nerves, to give the favor the proper mental attitude in time of illness."

In fact, apart altogether from any extraneous aid which prayer may bring to the sick, it is direct help—help that comes through the mind and influences the body. It is the most helpful in proportion as they pray with a firm belief that their prayers will be answered.

By so praying they produce in themselves a pleasurable emotional state, which contributes directly to recovery, by lessening the strain of worry, anxiety, and self-consciousness incidental to illness.

Bear well in mind that every organ of the body functions more smoothly and effectively under the influence of a relaxed, cheerful, and happy state of mind. And if they are suppressed, recovery often ensues even when the physical conditions have been such as to make a favorable outcome unlikely.

Hence the value of prayer, when backed by a confident expectation that prayer will be answered. Confident expectation—that is, faith—there should always be, to insure the health-bringing efficacy of prayer.

This does not mean, of course, that prayer alone will always, or usually, suffice to cure disease. As some one has well said, God cures by many means: by water, by air, by sun, by drugs, by the surgeon's knife.

But whichever of these means is indicated as good to the patient, God cures by that means, and can always be helpfully utilized as a healing agent.

## "The Secret of the Swiss."

There is no Swiss race. There is no Swiss language. The people of Switzerland are German, French or Italian in race and language. But in patriotism they are all Swiss.

Of the twenty-two cantons fifteen are German, five are French and two are Italian. Incidentally it may be said that the cantons are not equally strong. Protestant and ten strongly Catholic. Yet there is absolute national unity. Switzerland stands solidly and harmoniously for Switzerland. The German Swiss of Schaffhausen are not for Germany; the French Swiss of Geneva are not for France; the Italian Swiss of Ticino are not for Italy; and this in spite of the fact that these outlying cantons are almost surrounded by Germany, France and Italy, respectively. Racial ties and ties of language may be strong, but the ties of patriotism are much stronger.

In some respects the status of the United States is similar to that of Switzerland. There is no United States race, no United States language. Many United States citizens are of German or English or Italian birth or immediate ancestry. But they should primarily be for the United States; the interests of the United States should be far more important to them than any sympathetic attachment to the lands of their origin.

German Swiss, who would resent with equal vigor any aggression by Germany and Austria or by France and Italy, should be a striking example to that effect in the United States. The interests of the United States should be far more important to them than any sympathetic attachment to the lands of their origin.

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## Advertising in China

Chinese merchants and diplomats have given American business men much pertinent information and advice since the Chinese trade commissioners came to this country a few weeks ago. They have thrown light on methods of selling merchandise in China, in which advertising plays a more important part than it does in this country. We do not understand Chinese manners and customs and we make mistakes that hurt business. American exporters should employ Chinese experts to advise them and keep them from offending the susceptibilities of prospective customers.

In advertising American goods in China the reading matter and illustrations should be prepared by educated Chinese who know the merits of merchandise and have the ability to tell their countrymen the story. An advertisement may be effective in America and Europe and yet be detrimental in China. The secretary of the Chinese commission now in this country illustrates this fact by explaining that the wonderfully effective advertisement of a talking machine in which a dog barks at its master's voice, and which business in China because the people do not like dogs and the picture is repugnant to their sense of propriety.

Illustrations for advertising purposes, other than bare cuts of the articles should be prepared by Chinese artists because European and American artists cannot or do not depict Chinese persons and scenes in a way that pleases the Chinese. Unconscious of this caricature a Chinaman by exaggerating the slant of his eyes and other characteristics. Address the Chinese in good Chinese is the advice of the men who know and who have come across the Pacific to stimulate trade between the two countries.

Exporters never forget that the Chinese are good business men. Where they have a fair deal and no favoritism, they will do a fair business. They are no more in the open ports of Hong Kong and Singapore, they monopolize most of the trade through superior tact and shrewdness. Chinese merchants are pushing their way to the front in all parts of the Orient and they hold the ground they win because their sense of honor in business is the highest. By cultivating Chinese markets our exporters will cover the largest and the most important of the world's markets. The Chinese are gaining ground. In countries adjacent to China European observers compare this peaceful invasion to a flow of lava which covers everything in its path. The Chinese invasion is peaceful and it is in its ultimate possibilities than any other racial migration since the day the advance of the Turks was halted. The Chinese invasion is peaceful and it is in its ultimate possibilities than any other racial migration since the day the advance of the Turks was halted. The Chinese invasion is peaceful and it is in its ultimate possibilities than any other racial migration since the day the advance of the Turks was halted.

## VACATION REMEDIES

BY FREDERICK J. HASKIN.

IF YOU should go into the open for a vacation and be bitten by a chigger or a rattlesnake or any of the pests between these extremes, would you know what to do to allay your discomfort or save your life?

If not, it might be well for you to know what the nation's specially provided authorities, who devote their lives to the study of these problems, have to say on the subject. It might give you an opportunity to ingratiate yourself with your fellows or to save them from death.

There is the matter of being bitten by snakes, for instance. Such an event breeds terror and seldom meets with competent treatment. The national museum has a staff of reptile specialists who know all the secrets of snakes. They give very specific instructions as to the correct course of action to pursue when bitten by one.

In the first place, they say, poisonous snakes are so rare, and those that are harmless are so plentiful, that there may be no more danger than if the vacationist were scratched by a briar. There should therefore be little alarm until the venomous nature of the snake is established. Every man should have a tell a poisonous snake from one that is harmless. Otherwise he may die of unnecessary fright—and the misapplication of whiskey.

All poisonous snakes likely to be encountered by an American vacationist have the distinguishing mark of a dark band across the nostril and the eye. This pit is deeper and more pronounced than the nostril. There is the single American exception of the harlequin snake, which has a second dark band just above the nostril. The under side of a snake is made up of ridge-like scales that reach entirely across the body. This is true of all snakes except the cobra, the break of their bodies where the tail proper begins. From that point on the under side of a non-poisonous snake there is a double row of scales, while on the poisonous snakes there remain single.

Whenever a snake bite is received the first point to establish is the poisonous or non-poisonous nature and these two tests may be relied upon to accomplish that end.

Aside from the harlequin snake of Florida there are but three species of poisonous snakes in the United States. These are the rattlesnake, widely distributed, the copperhead, the most dangerous of them, and the copperhead of eastern mountains and rocky places; and the moccasin of the southern swamps, which extends no further north than southern Ohio and Wilmington, North Carolina.

When it is established that one has been inflicted with a wound, the first action should be to tie a handkerchief or cord or rope about the bitten member between the incision and the heart. This should be knotted tight where the object is to prevent the blood from carrying the poison into the general system. Then, as quickly as possible, the mouth of the bitten person or a companion should be applied to the wound, which should be vigorously sucked. The poison may be drawn out. This sucking must be done by someone whose mouth is in perfect condition, however. An abraded lip, a broken tooth, or a sore throat will give the poison another access to the blood. The incisions should be cut that they may be made to bleed freely and the sucking continued. This is the most important thing that can be done.

The popular idea that the administration of large quantities of whiskey counteracts the snake poison is entirely in error. Such treatment, the experts say, makes death more probable. Small amounts of whiskey to soothe the heart and to keep the patient from drinking more of the poison are all that is needed. Whiskey has probably killed more snake-bitten people than it has ever saved.

After the preliminary treatment the important thing is to get the victim to a hospital as quickly as possible. The poison by injecting strychnine, a treatment too delicate to be undertaken by the amateur.

If the vacationist wants to prepare in advance against the possibilities of snakebite there are specially manufactured kits that are efficacious. These include a hypodermic syringe, a small bottle of strychnine, and a small bottle of antivenom. The strychnine is used to inject the poison, and the antivenom is used to neutralize it. One of these kits is much easier to carry than a flask of whiskey and a hundred times as effective.

One is much more likely to be bitten by a chigger or red bug, however, than by a snake, and the sum total

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of suffering from the former is probably greater than from the latter. Chiggers may be avoided by shifting sulphur into the garments and especially the shoes and stockings when one is going blackberrying or upon any expedition where exposure is likely. Vaseline will serve the same purpose if rubbed on in advance, but is more uncomfortable.

Returning from an expedition where exposure to chiggers has been probable, a wise precaution is to take a hot bath or a bath in very salty or very strong solution. This is an almost certain guarantee against infection. But the chiggers actually develop to the stage of irritation they may almost certainly be killed by the application of ammonia. A very strong solution of cooking soda is effective. Temporary relief may be gained from applications of cold cream, camphor or essence of peppermint.

When the vacationist goes into the open, nearly upon a picnic or to establish a permanent camp, he is pretty sure to find himself ambushed by cohorts of the ant tribe. No sooner has a lunch basket been placed on the ground than the ants in a nest in the scout and reconnoitered. If your provisioning is to be as taste he has a way of his own of wiggling for reinforcements and almost immediately a whole army is busy in your commissary.

The ant nuisance is particularly great where a camp is established in the neighborhood of a permanent camp. It is pretty sure to find himself ambushed by cohorts of the ant tribe. No sooner has a lunch basket been placed on the ground than the ants in a nest in the scout and reconnoitered. If your provisioning is to be as taste he has a way of his own of wiggling for reinforcements and almost immediately a whole army is busy in your commissary.

It may often happen that the pests may not be discovered or are inadequately treated. Under such circumstances the raiders must be met in the open. It may be necessary to place all provisions on a table and set each leg of the table in a can of water in which water is introduced less than 1 per cent of sodium arsenite. In this way is a most established about provision citadel.

If sponges are moistened in sweetened water and left about, they will attract great numbers of ants and may be picked up from time to time and dipped into boiling water, thus aiding in the extermination of the pest. A brand-new method of campfire has just been devised by the government bureau of entomology. It consists of cane syrup and water into which has been introduced less than 1 per cent of sodium arsenite. Tiny bits of sponge are saturated with this substance. The ants pick these up, fling them debonairly over their shoulders and carry them proudly to their families and their queens. These eat and die. So may the campaign be carried into the very trenches of the enemy.

The mosquito nuisance is one hard to avoid. The government experts state that relief may be temporarily gained by applications of spirits of camphor or eucalypti, but the odor of these substances will not last all night. A mixture of oil of citronella, spirits of camphor and oil of cedar is more enduring. Another good mixture is castor oil, alcohol and oil of lavender. The best of these applied at intervals of an hour, the head of the bed will not last the night through and will need replenishing before morning.

The safest protection against mosquitoes is a properly constructed netting frame with the right sort of netting to go over it. This netting should have twenty meshes to the inch, although a mesh of twenty is coarser and admits many mosquitoes. Care should be taken to keep the netting matted and to have it long enough to tuck under the mattress and to the sides. To him who travels in a mosquito country it is just as well he should carry his own netting than depend on that locally provided.

But when mosquitoes have been successful in biting their victim and he would have relief from the irritation, the remedy is to apply a strong, recommended treatment that has the sanction of the experts is to dip a piece of any kind of soap into water and rub it on the bite. Ammonia, alcohol and glycerine are likewise vouchsafed.

In New England there is a brand-new irritant of the vacationist. The gypsy moth, accidentally introduced from abroad, has been of late years creating great havoc among the trees of that section. This moth develops through a caterpillar stage and this caterpillar is covered with its spines. In infected regions the spines get upon vacationists and produce a very irritating rash. Dr. Howard, of the bureau of entomology, has attempted to meet the new pest with a remedy he has developed. His lotion consists of eight ounces of lime water, ten grains of menthol, two drams of zinc oxide and fifteen drops of carbolic acid.

## QUIPS AND QUIDDITIES

"Shoestrings' untied, mam," a small boy called out to the stout woman who moved majestically up the street. "I'll tie it for you, if you like."

Even a haughty woman would have found it difficult to treat with disdain so kind an offer, and she drew a deep sigh of acceptance.

The little boy pulled the strings tight and smiled up at her. "My mother's fat, too," he explained.—*Harper's Magazine.*

It is often literally true that "the weak things of the world" are able to "confound the things that are mighty." Not long ago a mother and her child were caught napping by a little granddaughter, who is the delight of her parents and the idol of her grandfather. She came before him, her face wreathed in smiles, and said:

"Grandpa, I saw something running across the kitchen floor this morning without any legs. What do you think it was?"

He studied for a while, but finally was obliged to give it up. "What was it," he asked.

"Water," answered the little lady, triumphantly.

Parson Wilder, who had a small church in a little western town, was about to go away for a two weeks' vacation. The Sunday before he started he announced from the pulpit:

"The preacher for next Sunday will be Mr. Judson, and the one for the Sunday following you will find hanging up the door on the other side of the vestry."—*Harper's Magazine.*

## The Searchlight

The reclamation service of the United States has undertaken a new scheme for the development of its forests. It is planting the sand hill country of Kansas and Nebraska with seedling trees, and caring for them in such a manner that they may be ready for excellent timber growth within a few years.

The sand hill region of Nebraska covers nearly 20,000 square miles, and is practically desert country of no value to any one, and a great hindrance to travel. A large nursery has been established at Hallett, Neb., along the Middle Loup river. Here are grown thousands of seedlings from Jack and yellow pine, which are to be transplanted into the sand hills.

A camp, including fifty men and nearly as many horses, is established in the region selected for planting, and they are sent to plant at a thousand places during the spring and summer. The seedlings are placed in long furrows, and around each tract a strip of land about ten furrows wide is plowed. A back fire is set along this strip, in order that the seedlings may be protected from the prairie fires which are likely to sweep over this country each year. The work was begun about ten years ago, and great tracks of green hills are already seen in place of what was formerly shifting sand. But only about 10 per cent of the first plantings lived. Improved planting methods and better grade seedlings are being used, and the proportion that survives to at least 45 per cent.

## Pointed Paragraphs

You can't hurt men unless you hit them on the pocketbook.

Consider the bald-headed man; he come not, neither does he brush.

It's sometimes hard for a man to adjust his religion to fit his business.

A woman can usually manage a man if she doesn't let him know she is doing it.

There is one thing to be said in favor of the egotist: he never gets lonesome.

The wife is always telling how she earns half the income—and her husband gets it all.

We have heard of the blessings of poverty, but \$99 can't recall having ever seen any of them.

Never hit a man when he's got you down.

The older a man gets the less he knows he knows.

You will never get ahead by following the crowd.

The Lord made woman, and she made herself over into a lady.



ADVANCE GUARD OF STATE  
LEGISLATURE IS ARRIVINGSession of 1915 Will Be Opened  
Wednesday Morning  
at 10 o'clock

The advance guard of the Georgia legislature in Atlanta is beginning to arrive. The lobby of the Kimball house is beginning to be filled with political posters upon the railing of the crowd proclaim headquarters for the candidates and the candidates and the candidates.

Senator Ogden Persons, of Forsyth, is expected to arrive Wednesday morning. He is expected to arrive Wednesday morning. He is expected to arrive Wednesday morning.

Representative W. H. Burwell, of Hancock, is expected to arrive Wednesday morning. He is expected to arrive Wednesday morning. He is expected to arrive Wednesday morning.

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TEUTONS ARE STEADILY  
ADVANCING UPON THE  
CAPITAL OF GALICIA

(Continued from First Page)

are asking is whether Grand Duke Nicholas can emulate Genghis's tactics of fall and check. The Austro-Germans at the gates of Lemberg. Optimists point out that the grand duke checked them almost at the gates of Lemberg. Just now General Gough stopped the Germans before Paris and Field Marshal Sir John French stopped them before Ypres. Sir John French stopped them before Ypres. Sir John French stopped them before Ypres.

Whether Russia has sufficient ammunition to meet the present strain is a question which cannot be answered in England, although the London papers are full of the subject. One Sunday paper characterizes the situation in Galicia as "Russia's supreme emergency," and public interest centered in this theater, notwithstanding the hard fighting in progress along the western front.

Both French and British in the western war zone are the object of the house of representatives. The London papers are full of the subject. One Sunday paper characterizes the situation in Galicia as "Russia's supreme emergency," and public interest centered in this theater, notwithstanding the hard fighting in progress along the western front.

Turks Subject Allies to  
Furious Fire at Dardanelles

(By Associated Press.)  
CONSTANTINOPLE, June 20.—(By London, June 21.)—The following statement was issued today at the Turkish war office:

"We shelled the enemy's wireless apparatus Thursday, killing soldiers working in the trenches."

"Friday we shelled the enemy's left wing, causing heavy losses and forcing them to change his position to protect himself against our batteries. New positions also were shelled, silencing the enemy's artillery."

Turkish Sultan Is Ill  
at Constantinople Palace

(By Associated Press.)  
BERLIN, June 20.—(By London, June 21.)—Prof. James Adolf Israel, the widely known German specialist in the study of the Turkish empire, at Constantinople, according to the Tagesblatt, he was commissioned to the Turkish capital.

Prof. Israel is the sultan's guest at the Yildiz Kiosk, which will remain until the end of the next week. The nature of the Turkish ruler's ailment has not been disclosed.

London Does Not Believe  
Russians Are in Flight

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, June 21.—The announcement that Emperor William has assumed supreme command of the operations in the Balkans, which was regarded as indication of complete German confidence in the final victory of the assault, has been regarded as a blow near at hand that the generals who during the last two months have battered their way across the province with the emperor to participate personally in the campaign.

Some of the claims put forward by the Germans and Austro-Germans are so unsubstantiated, but there is no question they have won many victories both west and north of the Galician capital, and the Austro-German advance still is progressing through the Grodek line.

It is questioned here whether anything so vital as the flight of the Russian army, as indicated by the Russian reports, or a serious break in the Russian front has occurred.

It is believed the Russians are fighting rear guard actions while withdrawing their armies practically intact. They suggest that either the Russians have no intention of defending to the last, or that they have prepared their main defensive lines on positions not yet reached by the German forces.

French and German accounts of operations in the west show no unusual divergences, but the detailed reports from Paris satisfy the British that the French are making such an advance as will shortly permit more active operations in the sphere occupied by the British army.

The French advance north of Arras, it is thought here, will have pushed the Germans into a narrow front which will render some of their masses of troops comparatively ineffective. The gains in Alsace show that the French are drawing close to the area of permanent German fortifications.

The arrival at the bedside of Sultan Mehmed VI. of Prof. James Adolf Israel, the German specialist, indicates that the emperor is in a serious condition, suffering from a mild attack of catarrh did not show his real condition.

The sultan's condition is so serious that he has been unable to make his customary Friday visit to the mosque last week. It is stated that his illness was not slight, as such an admission is considered justified only by extreme necessity.

French Capture East  
Spur of Mount Calvary

(By Associated Press.)  
PARIS, June 21.—The war office today issued this statement:

"The French have made further progress yesterday toward Souchez, occupying several trenches and drawing near to the northwest side of the village."

"There was an artillery engagement which lasted all night near Douperre, west of Peronne. An evening attack was stopped short."

"On the heights of the Meuse, in the sector of the Calonne trenches, we maintained all our gains in spite of a violent counter attack."

"In Loraine, near Reillon, we have followed our advance. The entire first line of the enemy had been occupied by us along a front of 1,500 yards. At the end of the day a strong enemy column attempted to counter attack, but was dispersed. French reconquering parties have reached the vicinity of Chasseles, the enemy having abandoned this ground. All the German trenches occupied by us were found full of bodies. We took about twenty prisoners."

"In the vicinity of Mount Bonhomme in the Vosges, we have taken by assault the eastern spur of Mount Calvary, and reached the approaches to the village of Oulx."

"We continued to make progress in the valley of the Recht, and we have gone beyond the cemetery of Metzeral. To the southwest hand to hand fighting continues."

"Here the Germans have gained ground and taken 150 prisoners, among whom are four commissioned officers and eleven soldiers."

PRISONER OF WAR'S WIFE  
FOUND DEAD IN FLAMESInvestigating Theory That  
Trusted Convict Servant  
Fired Her Bed

JOLIET, Ill., June 21.—Mrs. Edmund M. Allen, wife of the warden of the Illinois penitentiary, was found dead in her sleeping quarters in the prison today. The cause of death was determined to be a fire which started in her bed.

A jug of wood alcohol was found in the room at the time the body was discovered. The fire was caused by a candle which had been placed in the jug. The fire started in the bed and spread to the other furniture in the room.

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SULLIVAN'S DECLARED  
'TEMPERAMENTALLY' INFIT  
TO BE A POLITICIANSenator Phelan Declares Do-  
minican Minister Is Not  
Man for Post

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, June 21.—James M. Sullivan, American minister to the Dominican republic, is held to be temperamentally unfit for his office by the majority of the senate. The majority of the senate is of the opinion that the minister is not a man for the post.

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CANADIAN OVERALL PLANT  
IS BLOWN UP BY BOMBCompany Had Just Completed  
An Order of 115,000  
British Uniforms

WINDSOR, Ont., June 21.—The overall factory of the Peabody company, limited, in Walkerville, a suburb, was partially wrecked by a bomb explosion today. The company is said to have just completed an order of 115,000 British uniforms.

Shortly after the explosion in the factory twenty-seven sticks of dynamite were found under the rear of the Windsor army, attached to a time fuse.

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NEGRO IS KILLED BY  
HIS CHURCH BROTHERPolice and military authorities  
are working together on the case.

DOUGLAS, Ga., June 21.—Last night on Elitha Meek's place, in Coffee county, Sylvester Johnson, colored, was shot with an automatic shotgun and killed by his church brother, Valan Drawn. The Drawn drew his escape. Corner G. L. Sims held an inquest this morning and the jury rendered a verdict of murder against Drawn.

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## The Week-End Dances at the Clubs

The cool terraces of the Druid Hills Golf club offered a pleasant retreat Saturday afternoon for many guests and a number of informal parties were arranged for the tea dance which was held from 5 to 7 o'clock.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Spear, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus McLean, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Dinkins, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Dickey, Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Holland, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nunnally, Mrs. Richard Johnston, Mrs. William Green Raoul and guest, Mrs. Varden, of Macon; Mrs. W. C. Foster, Mrs. Marie Dinkins, Dr. and Mrs. Stephen Barnett, Miss Lillian Marks, Mrs. Joseph Rosenstein, Mr. Eugene Haynes, Mr. C. K. Cobb, Mr. Walter E. Browne, Mr. Joseph Brown Connally, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Spiker, Mrs. W. E. Foote, Mr. and Mrs. Charles N. Daniels, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Seale, Miss Mary Robinson, Mr. William Prescott, Mr. James H. Nunnally, Mr. Thomas Johnston, Mr. Robert Adams, Mrs. Spaulding, Mrs. M. R. Emmmons, Mrs. Simonson, Mr. Robert Adams, Mrs. Frank Hawkins, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Kennedy, Mr. Palmer Johnson, Mrs. Robert Hill and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hight.

**At East Lake.**  
The golf tournament at East Lake last week terminated with a brilliant dinner dance Saturday evening, for which a large number of parties were arranged.

Early in the afternoon the terraces were filled with guests and among the large number remaining for the dance were Miss Jessie Thompson, Miss Marie Dinkins, Miss Weykiffe Wurm, Miss Clifford West, Miss Ida Winslow, Miss Dottie Wooley, Miss Dorothy Hannon, Miss Helen Morris, Miss Genevieve Morris, Miss Helen Dekes, Miss Mary Robinson, Miss Jennie Lindsey, Miss Lillian Mitchell, Miss Laura Cowles, Miss Martha Edmondson, Miss Gladys Dunson, Miss Katherine Lovette, Miss Janet Hatcher, Miss Lydia Nash, Miss Grace Hootworth, Miss Mary Ashley of Valdosta, Miss Belle Hixon of Americus, Miss Fannie Watlington, Miss Gladys Byrd, Miss Virginia Bowman, Miss Marian Goldsmith, Mr. and Mrs. James Wells, Mr. and Mrs. John Woodside, Jr. and Mrs. Valmar Gude, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Spear, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hannon, Mr. and Mrs. Beaumont Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Vessels, Mr. and Mrs. Veary Hainwater, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harmon, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Jones, Judge and Mrs. Ben Hill, Mr. and Mrs. G. Barnwell, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Paine, Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Giebert, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lowndes, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jerome, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Clark, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Winter, Mr. and Mrs. John Burke, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hannon, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Gentry, Mr. and Mrs. Wilmet Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Merrill, Mr. and Mrs. Stralight, Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Spratt, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bowman, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bowman, Mr. and Mrs. John McCallin, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Mathewson, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hannon, Mr. and Mrs. Halsey McGovern, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Tomlinson, Mr. and Mrs. John Moulton, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hannon, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Connolly, Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Werner, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hannon, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Mealin, Mr. and Mrs. Remsen King, Mr. and Mrs. Prince Webster.

**At the Piedmont Club.**  
The dinner dance at the Piedmont club Saturday evening, assembled a large number of the dancing continent. Dinner was served at 7 o'clock, and the club, which was illuminated with light-colored Japanese lanterns and the central decoration of each table was a basket of gladioli and carnations.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Edward Peters, Mr. and Mrs. C. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Dargan, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Host, Mr. and Mrs. John Grant, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Piel, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bernard Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Bertha Lowndes, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Dallas, Mr. and Mrs. Uric Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Collier, Mr. and Mrs. Inman Gray, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Meador, Mr. and Mrs. John Glenn, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Jamison, Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Alton, Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Whitman, Mr. and Mrs. Con Dorsey, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Alston, Mr. and Mrs. William Williams, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Spaulding, Mrs. Thomas H. Daniel, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Dodd, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Dime, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dannels, Mr. and Mrs. George Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Inman, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Dettive, Miss Eliza Dancy of Baltimore, Miss Napo Dublison, Miss Lelaiah Adams and Miss Deborah Adams, Miss Hannah, Miss Margaret Grant, Miss Isabelle Campbell, Miss Helen McCarthy, Miss Mignon McCarthy, Miss Helen McCarthy, Miss Miriam Sykes, of Mississippi, Miss Alvin Pledger, Miss Frances Rowland of New York City, Miss Clara Wimbler, Mr. G. U. Albrecht, of Dallas, Tex., Mr. Eugene Kelley, Mr. Clarence Tripp, Mr. Lauren Foreman, Mr. Henry Kennedy, Mr. Henry Lyon, Mr. Tom Lyon, Mr. Bowie Meador, Mr. James Alexander, Mr. Philip Lamar, Mr. Willard McBurney, Mr. Eugene Haynes, Mr. Walter Douglas, of Savannah, Dr. Montague Boyd, Mr. George Daniels, of Chicago, Ill., Mr. Sam Hutchinson, of Chattanooga, Mr. James Ragan, Mr. Ralph Ragan, Mr. Scott Probasco, of Knoxville, Mr. Cur Moon, Mr. Otes Mitchell, Mr. Edwin McCarthy, Mr. Bullion, of New York, Mr. Clark, of Nashville, Mr. McChesney, of Knoxville, Dr. Jerry Osborne and Mr. Ernest Ottley.

**Will Repeat Play.**  
The Hershman players have yielded to a general request for a repetition of the Shakespeare play so beautifully presented by them two weeks ago, and will give "As You Like It" with the entire all-star cast, Friday night, at 8 o'clock, in the "Forest of Arden."

The little open air theater has added to its equipment a commodious grandstand, which will be a material to the pleasure of the audience.

**Guests at White Sulphur Hotel.**  
WHITE SULPHUR HOTEL, Gainesville, Ga.—Among the large number of guests registered at the White Sulphur hotel, near Gainesville, are Mr. and Mrs. John Hall, Jr., Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. John Hall, Sr., Charleston, S. C.; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wright, Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. D. J. B. Bates, Atlanta, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Reeves, Athens, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. Ben L. Mattingly and Ben Lee Mattingly, of Macon; Mrs. W. W. Morrison, Atlanta; Miss Anna Blake Morrison, Atlanta; Miss S. Young, Gainesville; Mrs. P. C. Charters, Gainesville; and Mrs. F. B. Brooks, Grantville.

## DOUGLASVILLE TENNIS TEAM



Reading from left to right, top row: Miss Lessie Burson, Miss Katherine Geere, Miss Irene Edwards. Bottom row: Miss Gertrude Ellis and Miss Sarah Meadows.

## PERSONAL MENTION

—Miss Isabella Taylor has gone to New York for a visit of several weeks. There she will join John K. Shields and Miss Jeanette Cowan and accompany them to Princeton to attend the exercises of the graduating class of which she is a member of a house party on the Hudson, and later will join friends on the New Jersey coast.—The Look-out.

—Mrs. C. C. Nottingham, of Chattanooga, Tenn., who was an attractive visitor during opera week, will be among the southerners spending several weeks at the White Sulphur Springs. She will be joined there by Captain and Mrs. Powell Clayton, of Washington City.

—Mrs. S. M. Inman and Miss Jennie Inman, of Atlanta, accompanied by Mrs. Inman's sister, Mrs. James McKee and Mr. McKee, of Raleigh, N. C., visited the Berry school on Friday, coming over in their automobile.—Rome Tribune-Herald.

—An event of Monday morning was the bridge party at which Mrs. Evelyn Carter entertained in compliment to Miss Margaret Barker, the guest of the week ending Saturday, June 19.

—Miss Isabelle Carter, of Rome, is spending several weeks at the Glenn house, in Nacoochee valley. During her absence Mrs. Carter will be at the home of Mrs. C. C. Sanders, at Gainesville.

—Miss Ellen Wright, wife of Richmond, Va., who has been delightfully entertained as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hannon, is returning to visit Mrs. Herbert Cohen in Augusta.

—Mrs. W. D. Sparks, of Chattanooga, has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Gregory Ombrey, left for Rome Friday, accompanied by Gregory Ombrey, to visit Mrs. R. H. Hamilton.

—Miss Lucile Goodrich and sister, Mrs. Julian Chase, left Saturday for a bridge party at which Mrs. Evelyn Carter will be the hostess in Philadelphia, Atlantic City and New York.

—Mr. Edwin Broyles, Mr. Clark Howland, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Meadows, of Augusta, will leave the latter part of July for a tour of the West and a visit to the Panama exposition.

—Miss Eliza Dancy, of Baltimore, will return home Wednesday after being delightfully entertained as the guest of Mrs. Albert E. Thornton and Mrs. Robert C. Alton.

—Little Miss Betty Schroder, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Schroder, is improving after an illness at her home on Fourteenth street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Adger Smythe will leave the middle of July for a visit to the Panama exposition and other points of interest in the west.

—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Holmes are sympathizing with them in the death of Mr. Holmes' father, Mr. W. H. Holmes, of Newnan.

—Mr. Thomas Harrell, of Americus, arrived Friday at the White Sulphur hotel, near Gainesville, where he will spend the summer and fall on the coast of Massachusetts.

—Miss May Bell Sherrill will leave Wednesday evening to spend the summer and fall on the coast of Massachusetts.

—Mrs. M. H. Wells and children, of Nashville, Tenn., are the guests of friends in the city for a few days.

—Miss Ida Chamberlin, of Woodstock, S. C., is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. S. F. Jackson, on Morrisville avenue.

—Mrs. Roland Adams has returned home after a visit of three weeks to relatives in Chattanooga, Tenn.

—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Barill and young son, Alfred, III, left Saturday to spend the summer at Smyrna.

—Miss Celeste Shadburn, of Buford, will arrive Thursday to be the guest of friends in the city.

—Mrs. Samuel E. Scott is in Chattanooga, Tenn., to attend the Chiffonade wedding.

—Mrs. William D. Ellis is improving after an operation Friday at Noble's sanitarium.

—Miss Eleanor May, of New Orleans, is the guest of Miss May Banker for two weeks.

—Miss Cora L. Graves has returned from a visit to Mrs. John White at White Hall.

—Mr. and Mrs. James H. Whitten are at Wrightsville Beach for a stay of several weeks.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Alston will leave Monday for a visit to Washington City.

—Miss Julie H. Tucker has returned from a visit to Jackson and McDonough, are spending the week in Savannah.

—Mrs. L. E. Ford and children have returned from Indian Spring.

—Mrs. Fred C. Windmeyer is visiting relatives in Washington City.

**Swift & Co.'s sales of beef in Atlanta** for the week ending Saturday, June 19, averaged 19.91 cents per pound.—(Adv.)

**AUTO RURAL ROUTES TO BE STARTED AUGUST 2**  
Georgia to Have 28 Routes Served by Motors in Future

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Automobile rural mail delivery routes will be established in many parts of the country, beginning August 2. It is announced that orders have been signed by postmaster General Burleson authorizing the operation of 105 machines on that date.

Preparations are being carried forward for installation of the automobile in the rural mail service wherever the roads will permit. Already some carriers are using automobiles on their routes.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Meadows, of Augusta, will leave the latter part of July for a tour of the West and a visit to the Panama exposition.

—Miss Eliza Dancy, of Baltimore, will return home Wednesday after being delightfully entertained as the guest of Mrs. Albert E. Thornton and Mrs. Robert C. Alton.

Under the new plan, routes designated as automobile, routes will be longer than the old horse-drawn, vehicle routes and the pay will be more.

Of the routes selected to date for automobile mail delivery, 14 are in Oklahoma, 2 in Texas, 2 in Pennsylvania and 1 in Louisiana. These aggregate 5,600 miles of post roads and are the first chosen for the inauguration of the new system.

**SINGING CONVENTION IN SESSION AT ROME**  
(Special Dispatch to The Journal.)

ROME, Ga., June 21.—A great throng of singers convened here Sunday for the semi-annual session of the Seventh district singing convention. Noted singers from all over the state are in attendance at the sessions at DeSoto Park, which is presided over by John P. Davis, president of the convention.

**A PERFECT DEODORANT**  
Hid is a white, greaseless and odorless cream which, when applied gently to the skin, under the arms or on any part of the body, will instantly purify and deodorize, banishing all unpleasant odors due to perspiration. Price 25c.

**PREPARED BY**  
**Jacobs' Pharmacy**  
ATLANTA, GA.

**A COLORADO VACATION DOESN'T COST MUCH**  
—GO THIS SUMMER

With the very low fares in effect daily June 1 to September 30—only \$30 for round trip from Chicago—\$32 from Memphis—\$25 from St. Louis and the possibility of good board as low as \$8 per week, Colorado has proven to be the place of choice for a real out-of-door vacation.

The turquoise sky, constant sunshine, invigorating air, cool nights, wonderful snow-capped mountains, canyons, lakes, streams, the unusual opportunities for outdoor sports, make one wonder how anyone has ever failed to visit Colorado.

If you don't care to go all the way to the Pacific Coast this year, by all means visit the "Rock Mountain Limited," "Colorado Flyer," "Colorado National Express" and other fast trains via Rock Island lines, provide the best in rail way travel. Automatic block signals—Finest modern all-steel equipment—Superb dining car service.

Through cars from southeast to Colorado. Only direct lines between the east and both Denver and Colorado Springs.

Write, phone or drop in at the Rock Island Travel Bureau for interesting literature on Colorado. 415 Fifth Avenue, New York City. H. H. Hunt, D. P. A. Rock Island Lines. Phone Main 991.—(Adv.)

**Spend Your Vacation**  
...at...  
**LANARK-ON-THE-GULF**

Cool and Delightful  
Bathing, boating, fishing, accessible and inexpensive.

For particulars, write Manager Lanark-on-the-Gulf, 1010 Atlantic City, N. J., or Mr. F. A. Ry, Bainbridge, Ga.

Resorts—Atlantic City.

**CALENHALL**  
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.  
HOTEL—SANATORIUM  
Ideal in its appointments  
with bath for pleasure and health  
ALWAYS OPEN. CAPACITY 2500  
F. L. YOUNG, General Manager

**HOTEL STRAND**  
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.  
Ideal in its appointments  
with bath for pleasure and health  
ALWAYS OPEN. CAPACITY 2500  
F. L. YOUNG, General Manager

**"IF IT IS CANVAS WE MAKE IT"**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
TENTS, TRAPLINES, AWNINGS, HAYS  
WAGON COVERS.  
ALL KINDS OF COTTON BAGS  
For Awnings, Phone E. 21  
Atlanta Tent & Awning Co.  
BOX 718-K, ATLANTA, GA.

## Supper Party to Visitors

Mrs. William Thill will entertain at a supper party Wednesday evening at the home of her sister, Mrs. Edward L. Bishop, on Brookhaven Boulevard, in compliment to Miss Ellen Dodd, of Knoxville, and Miss Edith Brisbane, of St. Louis, the guests of Miss Marion Neal.

**Visitors Entertained**  
Miss Thacker May Brown and Mr. Raoul Brown, of New York City, and Mr. Thomas Harrell, of Americus, and house party guests of Miss Maude Carlton, are being delightfully entertained during their visit.

Mr. William Ellis, III, will entertain Monday evening at a dinner at the Capital City club in their honor.

Miss Annie Winslow Bates will be hostess at a dancing party Friday evening at her home on West Peachtree street, in compliment to Miss Celeste Shadburn, of Buford, and Miss Celeste and her house party guests will share the honors.

Mr. George Woodruff entertained Saturday at a swimming party followed by luncheon at the Capital City Country club for Miss Carlton and her guests and in the afternoon Miss Powers was hostess at an informal tea at the East Lake Country club.

**Pretty Luncheon**  
The luncheon at which Miss Marie Cobb was hostess at the East Lake Country club Monday, was a lovely complement to Miss Ellen Dodd, of Knoxville, and Miss Edith Brisbane, of St. Louis, the guests of Miss Marion Neal.

The table was graced with a basket of pink and white sweet peas and the place cards were hand painted sweet peas. The hostesses were carried out in pink and white color motif.

Twelve guests were entertained.

**THREE CHAUTAUQUOS IN FULL BLAST IN GEORGIA**  
Greenville, Hogansville, and West Point Now Hearing Lectures and Concerts

LAGRANGE, Ga., June 21.—Three towns in LaGrange's immediate territory will be scenes of gala occasions within the next few days when Greenville, Hogansville and West Point each hold chautauquos.

Greenville opened her session Friday with Agricultural Day, at which Dr. A. M. Soule, president of the State College of Agriculture, and Dr. Frank E. Vrooman, well-known lecturer.

Hogansville chautauquos will be held June 21, 22 and 23, at which Dr. A. M. Soule, president of the State College of Agriculture, and Dr. Frank E. Vrooman, well-known lecturer.

The chautauquos at West Point will be held June 21, 22 and 23, at which Dr. A. M. Soule, president of the State College of Agriculture, and Dr. Frank E. Vrooman, well-known lecturer.

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## Announcements

**UNION OF SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS**  
The Atlanta graded Union of Sunday School Teachers will meet Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, in the Phillips room of Wesley Memorial Church.

**SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION**  
The Atlanta School Improvement Association will meet at Georgia Lyceum Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

**BUCKLEY WOMAN'S CLUB**  
The Buckley Woman's club will meet Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, with Mrs. Lucile Holman, 21 Boulevard Terrace.

**To Visitor**  
Miss Mamie Branch Powers entertained a group of young people at the East Lake country club Saturday afternoon.

The guests were Miss Maude Carlton and her guest, Miss Thacker May Brown, of New York City, and Mr. Raoul Brown, of New York City, and Mr. Thomas Harrell, of Americus, and Mr. Raoul Brown, of New York City.

**The PLAZA HOTEL**  
NEW YORK  
FIFTH AVENUE AND FIFTY-NINTH ST.

The coolest hotel in New York. Overlooking Central Park. Within easy distance of all theatres and shops. Your address known the world over while you stop at The Plaza.

OUTDOOR TERRACE AND SUMMER GARDEN  
Special Dancin' Features  
Single Rooms with Bath, \$3.50 up. Double Rooms with Bath, \$5.00 up.

Convenient rooms for secure further information address FRED STERRY, Managing Director

**Butter-Nut Costs No More**  
Though Butter-Nut is so pure, so healthful and so appetizing that it stands in a class of its own among breads, it costs no more than the ordinary kinds. There's a smaller profit per loaf, true. But there are many more loaves sold.

**The NEW BUTTER-NUT BREAD**  
So go to your grocer today and insist on Butter-Nut.

But look for the label, like that shown in this ad, which appears on the genuine.

**NEW SOUTH BAKERY**  
Atlanta, Ga.

**Summer Rates**  
BY LAND AND SEA  
FROM ATLANTA, GA.,  
Via SAVANNAH

NEW YORK . . . \$38.25  
BOSTON . . . \$42.25  
BALTIMORE . . . \$29.25  
PHILADELPHIA \$34.05

Meals and Berth Aboard Ship Included.  
COSTS MUCH LESS THAN ALL RAIL

Ticket Offices, 4th National Bank Building Corner Peachtree and Marietta Streets and Terminal Station. Phone Main 490.

**CENTRAL OF GEORGIA**  
The Right Way Service

**ELKS**  
On To Los Angeles

TO  
The Grand Lodge Meeting

**B.P.O.E.**  
July 11-17, 1915

Invitation is herewith extended to all Elks and their friends, by Atlanta Lodge No. 78, to join us in Atlanta on July 3d, and be our guest on Special Train which will leave Atlanta 5:20 p. m. of that date, via Atlanta & West Point Railroad.

For Pullman reservations and information regarding this delightful trip, address—  
J. P. BILLUPS,  
Chairman Transportation Committee,  
40 East Ellis St., Atlanta, Ga.

**How Hurley Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

Eldon, Mo. "I was troubled with displacement, inflammation and female weakness. For two years I could not stand on my feet long at a time and I could not walk two blocks without enduring cutting and drawing pains down my right side which increased every month. I have been at that time purple in the face and would walk the floor. I could not lie down or still sometimes for a day and a night at a time. I was nervous, and had very little appetite, no ambition, melancholy, and often felt as though I had not a most every female remedy without success, my mother-in-law advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and gained in strength every day. I have now no trouble in any way and highly praise your medicine. It advertises itself."—Mrs. S. T. HURLEY, Eldon, Missouri.

Remember, the remedy which did this was Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For sale everywhere.

It has helped thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means have failed. Why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



















**DR'OL**

half to 1 point higher.  
at 1 to 1½ points decline.  
market was easy at a net  
½ points.  
derate demand at 7 points  
29. Sales, 12,000 bales,  
American; imports 12,000  
American.

| Precipitation,<br>lbs. and 100th |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| xHigest.                         | xxLowest |

both meridian time, except indicated.

Age highest and lowest temperature up at each center from reports received, and the from the number of station or more. The "state prevailing at the time of

Washington, Paul M. Warburg, president of the federal reserve bank of New York, said that the things of interest to him were the things that an experienced international observer, and, I think, a prophet, would see. He said at one point

to take care of its own  
hospital, but it will cer-  
tainly finance a considerable  
part of the legitimate demands  
of the Central and South Amer-  
ican countries.

The European war  
has been a lesson to all the

at deal more than ten capital. Our own needs. If we are to dispense borrowing from Europe, largely to meet the capital Canada and the lower all have to dig deep.

make a short stop, pro-  
anna for the night. On  
the party will reach  
ay, June 24, at 12:30 p.  
ome time in the city. At  
will be a meeting at-  
tent citizens of the city



